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06ME74

Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2016

Operations Research

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

**Note: 1. Answer FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.
2. Use of statistical tables is permitted.**

PART - A

- 1 a. What are the various phases of O.R problems? Explain them briefly. (05 Marks)
- b. Explain the applications of O.R in industry. (05 Marks)
- c. A company has three operational departments (weaving processing and packing) with capacity to produce three different types of clothes namely suiting, shirting and woollens yielding a profit of Rs 2, Rs 4 and Rs 3 per metre respectively. One metre of suiting requires 3 minutes in weaving, 2 minute in processing and 1 minutes in packing. Similiarly one metre of shirting requires 4 minutes in weaving, 1 minute in processing and 3 minutes in packing. one metre of woolen requires 3 minutes in each department. In a week, total run time of each department is 60, 40 and 80 hours for weaving, processing and packing respectively. Formulate the linear programming problem to find the product mix to maximize the profit. (10 Marks)

- 2 a. A company is manufacturing two products A and B. The manufacturing time required to make them the profit per unit and capacity available at each work centre are as follows.

Product	Machining Time (hrs)	Fabrication (hrs)	Assembly time	Profit per unit
A	01	03	05	80
B	02	01	04	100
Total capacity	720	1800	900	

Convert the above problem into a mathematical model. Formulate the dual of the problem and state its merits. (06 Marks)

- b. Solve the following problem by two phase method

Minimize $Z = 4x_1 + 2x_2$
 Subject to $3x_1 + x_2 \geq 27$
 $x_1 + x_2 \geq 21$
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$

(14 Marks)

- 3 a. With respect to transportation problems, what is degeneracy and how is it tackled? (05 Marks)
- b. A company has three plants at locations A, B and C which supply to warehouses located at D, E, F, G and H. Monthly plant capacities are 800, 500 and 900 units respectively. Monthly warehouse requirements are 400, 400, 500, 400 and 800 units respectively. Monthly transportation costs are given below. Determine optimal distribution for the company in order to minimize the total transportation cost

		To				
		D	E	F	G	H
From	A	5	8	6	6	3
	B	4	7	7	6	5
	C	8	4	6	6	4

(15 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- 4 a. A salesman must travel from city to city to maintain his accounts. This week he has to leave his home base and visit each other city and return home. The table shows the distances (in kilometers) between the various cities. The home city is city A. Use the assignment method to determine the tour that will minimize total distances of visiting all cities and returning home.

		To city				
From city	A	B	C	D	E	
A	-	375	600	150	190	
B	375	-	300	350	175	
C	600	300	-	350	500	
D	160	350	350	-	300	
E	190	175	500	300	-	

- b. The time spent (in minute) in processing of two jobs on six machines. A, B, C, D, E and F and the necessary technological ordering of machines are as follows. (10 Marks)

Job 1 :	A - 20,	C - 10,	D - 10,	B - 30,	E - 25,	F - 15
Job 2 :	A - 10,	C - 10,	E - 15,	D - 10,	F - 15,	B - 20

Use graphical method to determine an optimal sequence of jobs which minimizes the total elapsed time, also determine which job is done first on each of the machines. (10 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. An R and D activity has 7 activities for which the three time estimates are given below along with its preceding activities.

Activity	Preceding activity	Optimistic time	Most likely time	Pessimistic time
A	None	4	6	8
B	A	6	10	12
C	A	8	18	24
D	B	9	9	9
E	C	10	14	18
F	A	5	5	5
G	D, E, F	8	10	12

- i) Draw the PERT network
 ii) Find EST, LST and slack for each node
 iii) Find critical path. (08 Marks)
- b. The following table gives data on normal time, cost and crash time cost for a project.

Activity	Normal		Crash	
	Time (days)	Cost (Rs)	Time (days)	Cost (Rs)
1-2	6	600	4	1000
1-3	4	600	2	2000
2-4	5	500	3	1500
2-5	3	450	1	650
3-4	6	900	4	2000
4-6	8	800	4	3000
5-6	4	400	2	1000
6-7	3	450	2	800

- The indirect cost per day is Rs 100
- i) Draw the network and identify the critical path
 ii) What are the normal project duration and associated cost?
 iii) Crash the relevant activities systematically and determine the optimum project completion time and cost. (12 Marks)

